Table: Project

+-------------+---------+  
| Column Name | Type |  
+-------------+---------+  
| project\_id | int |  
| employee\_id | int |  
+-------------+---------+  
(project\_id, employee\_id) is the primary key of this table.  
employee\_id is a foreign key to Employee table.  
Each row of this table indicates that the employee with employee\_id is working on the project with project\_id.

Table: Employee

+------------------+---------+  
| Column Name | Type |  
+------------------+---------+  
| employee\_id | int |  
| name | varchar |  
| experience\_years | int |  
+------------------+---------+  
employee\_id is the primary key of this table. It's guaranteed that experience\_years is not NULL.  
Each row of this table contains information about one employee.

Write an SQL query that reports the **average** experience years of all the employees for each project, **rounded to 2 digits**.

Return the result table in **any order**.

The query result format is in the following example.

**Example 1:**

Input:   
Project table:  
+-------------+-------------+  
| project\_id | employee\_id |  
+-------------+-------------+  
| 1 | 1 |  
| 1 | 2 |  
| 1 | 3 |  
| 2 | 1 |  
| 2 | 4 |  
+-------------+-------------+  
Employee table:  
+-------------+--------+------------------+  
| employee\_id | name | experience\_years |  
+-------------+--------+------------------+  
| 1 | Khaled | 3 |  
| 2 | Ali | 2 |  
| 3 | John | 1 |  
| 4 | Doe | 2 |  
+-------------+--------+------------------+  
Output:   
+-------------+---------------+  
| project\_id | average\_years |  
+-------------+---------------+  
| 1 | 2.00 |  
| 2 | 2.50 |  
+-------------+---------------+  
Explanation: The average experience years for the first project is (3 + 2 + 1) / 3 = 2.00 and for the second project is (3 + 2) / 2 = 2.50